THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION *The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*—JEFFERSON

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THE HUNTRESS

Edited and Published every Saturday

BY

MRS. ANNE ROYALL.

At TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM,

At the corner of North B. and Second Streets,

CAPITOL HILL.

WASHINGTON CITY D. C

SATURDAY JANUARY 17,::::1852

STEAM CARRIAGES FOR COMMON ROADS.

I noticed in the Scientific American, of last week, some remarks respecting a company that has been organized in New York, named 'the American Steam Carriage Company,' for the ostensible purpose of employing and running steam carriages on common and plank roads. I believe that steam carriages can never be successful on common or plank roads—not that steam carriages cannot be made to run at the rate of eight or ten miles an hour, for that is nothing new—it was done twenty years ago by *Gurney*, in England and done well too, but neither Gurney's, nor any other steam carriage can be made to compete with horses, economically, on common or plank roads, especially in these United States, where horses and horse feed are so cheap, and where common and plank roads are employed more by farmers, who require their own teams at any rate, than by any other class.

The question may be asked why were steam carriages not successful on common roads in England, for that is a country more favorable for them than ours? This is an important question, and one which should be asked by every person before he enters upon such a speculation. No man is wise who does not sometimes look behind. *Gurney's* Steam Carriages, I have been informed, ran for nearly a year in England, but did not pay, and they were laid aside. The common roads in England are more level than our streets and smooth as a carpet. Fuel is exceedingly cheap there—steam engines can be built at less cost than with us. Gurney's carriages were not mechanically defective, they were built, the engines were of exquisite workmanship, and no fault was found with their principles.

On the other hand, horses are two thirds higher in price in England than in the United States, and the cost of keeping them is at least twice as much. When they were first tried neither the locomotive nor the railroad were near so perfect as they now are, they had everything in their favor, and it might be said, 'all chances to win and none to lose,' and yet they failed to compete with horses, the horse stages drove them off the roads at last. If steam carriages for common roads failed in a country where they had so much in their favor, what can they do in our country, where there is so much against them.

On undulatory roads, locomotives have not yet been made to run successfully. I have seen more than one locomotive for ascending and descending inclinations with safety. Not one of them has been successful, economically, although they were entirely so mechanically. The scheme looks like a speculation, for so far as it relates to improvements, as a new system, it looks like a scintillation of the days gone by. With our splendid railroads, it is folly to speak of steam carriages plowing through the mud, toiling up the hills, and crushing down again. The scheme is neither plausible nor payable.

There is not a common road in our country of any length; and I have seen not a few of them, on which a steam carriage could run at all. On our plank roads they could run very well, but all such roads are rural, they are for our farmers, and they never will pay for steam and keep their own teams in their stables. The question is simply one of economy—and although it may be said that great improvements have been made to perfect the new steam carriages, no one will surely pretend to say that the improvements are worth fifty per cent, they cannot be made to compete with horse power in our country.

It may be said that 'all new schemes have met with such opposing views,' but this scheme, as a system, is not a new one, and those interested in static pressure engines, fire annihilators &c. have used the same arguments about opposition.—The proof of the value of any improvement is its practical working economy; and I do say that, on common roads, two horses valued at $100 each, will do as much work, day in and day out, in a year as a steam carriage engine that will cost $1000, and which for fuel, will cost ten times more than the feed for the horses,—The great benefit of plank roads (and we cannot admire and estimate them too highly) is the facility they afford to our agricultural population with their teams, not the commercial and travelling community, for the latter class, I say railroads first, last, and forever, in all cases.

Williamsburg, N. Y.

[Scientific American.

'Sonny what is your father's name?' 'I don't know what it is now—it used to be Smith, but he's got married.' 'That is, I suppose Smith was his maiden name?' 'Yoth um!' Smart boy, we shouldn't wonder much if you bought a lot of oxen some day, and opened a dry dairy.

Steam to Ireland.

By the late news from Europe, it is stated that a new company is forming in London, and has applied for an act of incorporation for establishing steam communication between Ireland and the U. States.

The Kossuth Hat, with the little black feather, was all the rage on New Year's Day. There was a perfect sea of plumes in the street: Well, out of fashion with the hard shells as soon as possible.

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This and the frequent application of type to his lips combined, was the cause of his death. We cannot but join in condolence with his afflicted parents residing at Greensburgh, who arrived here last night, but too late to witness his death. On Tuesday morning he was at work, last night at nine o'clock he was a corpse; thus we are admonished of the uncertainty of life; we know not when the icy hand of death may be laid upon us.

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There were erected in Washington City during the year just passed, 453 buildings.

The male medical students are being rapped by some of our contemporaries. Right. Some of them deserve it.

A Yankee down east has made the grand discovery that a window glazed with old hats is a sure indication that the occupant has seen a rum bottle.

He who has compassion on the poor honors God.

'This is really the smallest horse I ever saw,' said a countryman, on viewing a Shetland pony.

'Indade now,' replied his Irish companion, but I've seen one as small as two of him.'

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G. Bailey Editor and Proprietor, John G. Whittier, corresponding Editor.

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We believe—

In the unity and common origin of the human race.

In the doctrine that God made of one blood all the nations of men, to dwell upon all the face of the earth,

In the golden rule—'Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you.'

In the Higher law—'It is better to obey God than man.'

In liberty; as the fundamental condition of Human Progress and Perfection,

In Law, as the Defence, not Destroyer of liberty;

In order; as the result of liberty established and protected, not subverted, by law.

In the American Union, not as an end, but as a means—a means to the establishment of Liberty and Justice, worthy of support only so long as it shall answer these great ends.

We hold these truths Self-evident, That all men are created equal,

LOGAN'S VOW.

It was not by the war-fire's light,
With bright flames upward wreathed
Into the cloudless sky of night,
My battle vow was breathed,
It was not while the warrior's flew,
With scalp-locks flung on air,
The mazes of the war dance through,
My spirit poured its prayer.

Nor while the battle's stormy strife
Shook the deep forests wide,
And tomahawk and scalping knife
Flashed in their gleaming pride.
Alone I stood, amidst the dead,
When the spirit of repose,
That long had clasped my heart, had fled
And vengeance waked her throes.

The dead were round me, yes my own,
The beautiful, the young,
Their calm looks waked the anguish tone
From Logan's spirit wrung.
Then only then, the wild flame woke,
And waved its scorching wings,
That, curbless in its frenzy broke
My spirit's slumberings.

The silence of the midnight hour,
Unbroken by a sound,
Hung over all with spell fraught power
Beneath its stillness bound—
Like wood, as stands the forest's pride,
When all its leaves are strown,
Swept by the whirlwind wild and wide,
In desolation lone.

Changed in an hour the white man's friend
Gleamed in his war array,
The league I swore at an end,
And lighted hatred's ray;
Dark records traced by widow's tears,
And sufferings sad and low,
Have borne wild tales to other years
Of Logan's vengeful vow.

DYER & HAMILTON,

Wholesale and retail Dealers in Groceries, Teas, Wines, Liquors, &c, &c South side Pennsylvania Avenue, opposite Jackson Hall, Washington, D. C.

A Dangerous Fellow.—There is a dangerous fellow somewhere down east, or somewhere else, who ought not to be allowed to run at large. He threatens to play the very deuce and break things, all in consequence of a faithless gal, who has broken her troth with him, and married some one else. If he should put his threats into execution the Lord have mercy on us. Hear him—

'I'll grasp the load thunder,
And with lightning I'll play,
I'll rend the earth asunder,
And kick it away.'

Now that's attempting considerable for one man however, if he is willing to assume the responsibility, and pay damages why let him smash away, we're not afraid. He next says—

'The rainbow I'll straddle;
And ride to the moon
On the ocean I'll paddle,
In the bowl of a spoon.'

Well that won't hurt anybody. Go ahead old chap. we like to encourage a laudable spirit of adventure—

'I'll set fire to the fountain,
And swallow up the hill,
I'll eat up the mountain,
And be hungry still.'

Good gracious! what a destructive and voracious animal he is. Is there no way to appease his wrath and stay his stomach? Down with him we say, if he continues to conduct himself in this extravagant way. Now listen—

The rain shall fall upward
The smoke shall tumble down
I'll dye the grass purple,
And paint the sky brown.'

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THE BOOK TRADE

IS PUBLISHED MONTHLY AT 25CE ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

BY H. WILSON

49 *ANN STREET, NEW YORK.*;

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Announcement of forthcoming works (consisting of the titles thereof, style, No. of Vols., No. of pages, author's name, style of binding, name and address of publisher, and price, not exceeding eight lines,) $1,00

(The above named particulars of all large and small works published within the current month are inserted gratuitously upon being forwarded to the Publisher, post paid. Publishers will confer a favor by furnishing these particulars.)

Advertisements over six lines, or less, 1,00

Advertisements over sixteen lines, at the rate of 6 1-4 cents per line.

All communications must be post paid.

TO PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS.

On the seventh page of this sheet is a list of all publications issued by the different publishing houses in the U. States, during the month ending March 31, 1851, of which we have been able to procure any information with such particulars as have been communicated to us.

It is our intention to continue the publication of this paper monthly for a time, and to insert therein gratuitously, a list of all the publications issued in the United States each month.

Also we intend to commence shortly the publication of a list of all the booksellers in the United States and Canada whose names and post office we may be able to obtain—alphabetically arranged.

All publishers into whose hands a copy of this sheet may fall are respectfully requested to forward to us (post paid) immediately upon the receipt thereof a list of all their publications from a penny toy book up to a folio Bible, within the month previous to the date of their communication.

As we have already procured a list of a large number of the booksellers through the United States and Canada, which we are constantly enlarging, to whom copies of the succeeding numbers of the 'Book Trade' will be forwarded, the publicity given to the Lists so furnished will undoubtedly remunerate them for the slight inconvenience which may attend upon an immediate compliance with this request.

Scientific American

CIRCULATION 16,000

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'MR. LORD'S LECTURES ON THE HEROES OF THE REFORMATION.

We are not much in love with theories, and love as little time as possible in listening to essays and spinning out trifles, which amount to nothing. We like essentials that lead to happiness and virtue, we like history for the information it affords, and approve of it in Seminaries, because it holds up to youth the errors he is to avoid, and the virtues he is to imitate.

But unfortunately for the advancement of knowledge—our country is cut up into political and religious parties, and the influence of the leaders and chiefs of these parties with scarcely an exception we fear, take the advantage of the ignorance of betraying their confidence, and by artifice and policy suppress truth and gloss ing over false or unimportant facts, they carry their point at the expense of those dupes whose friends they professed to be Dry Leaden discussion, upon morals and religion, without mercy, humanity, or christian charity, such as will reach the human heart, and dispose it to kindness towards his fellow-man, hastening to relieve his distresses, and is ever found in the true christian spirit of meekness and love, for instance, in the present case, speaking of Calvin he makes him little less than Deity himself, bestowing upon him a greater eulogy by far than any of the reformers. We are sorry we have not room for extracts of his style, when he comes to Calvin (the first part of his lectures that caught our eye) Mr. Lord says—

"Gladly would I pass over in silence that other murder which modern ages have raked up from obscurity, to stigmatize the name of Calvin. 'What a theme of lamentation,' as Henry has truly said 'for future generations.' The burning of Servetus made an immense sensation, not only because the reformers had professed practical toleration, but because he was believed to be really a great and good man. As the flames consumed his tortured body, he was heard to exclaim,—'Jesus! Thou son of the Eternal God, have mercy on me!' What then must be our indignation, if it was as Henry affirms."

Observe Mr. Lord does not name the offence for which the literal fiend put this innocent man to such an inhuman death, but laments that he cannot pass over it in silence, it is clear that if Mr. Lord could have done so without being challenged by the whole world, he was a hypocrite enough to do it.

He is unworthy of the public ear and patronage, who suppresses any portion of history from any motive.-But when it appears that the most enormous act of savage brutality that was ever perpetrated by a white man—not of burning Servetus Mr. Lord acknowledges that, but is silent upon the fiendish act of keeping him three days in torment by a slow fire. He may say this fact was known without his telling them,—so it is by intelligent people, but how many intelligent people composed his audience, most of them were doubtless ignorant fanatics, whom the Church and Protestantism take care to keep in ignorance to serve their own purposes.

To put a human being to death by fire, is contrary to every precept of Christianity, and he that does so proves that he is anything but a Christian. But to keep a fellow creature in torments—cruel beyond conception—for three days, the length of time Calvin took to burn Servetus, not for the semblance of evil or ill will to any one: For what then did he protract his misery? To convert him to his opinion or to Christianity, not so, the monster never was a Christian, Christianity is truth, any one of common sense needs but a few minutes to demonstrate truth from falsehood as clear as light from darkness.

All men of learning know this, therefore Mr. Lord and his deceased friend Calvin are either not men of learning, or Infidels, for no Christian ever burnt his fellow-man upon any account.

New Religion.

In Mr. Lord's remarks upon 'Thomas Cranmer, Archbishop of Canterbury,' he says, 'The most distinguished of English Reformers. He was not remarkable for those bold and daring qualities, that reckless enterprise, that observing genius, which directed the entry of the new religion."

'That observing genius which directed the new religion.' What does he mean by the words 'New Religion?' Can he actually mean one different from the Christian religion, or would he insinuate that Christianity is not the same then now and for ever, that it was 1852 years since? No matter how hypocrites, bigots, and tyrants, may torture and slay their fellowmen (not for crime) for holding opinions different from each other,—we repeat, the Christian religion is the same, Heaven and earth may pass away but not one title of the gospel will pass away till all be fulfilled.

When the Hugunots were butchered (to the number of 40,000 on St. Bartholomew's day) in France, when the court of inquisition reigned in Spain, when Smithfield blazed with firy faggots, consuming the bodies of human beings in England—the Christian religion was still the same that it was from the beginning, and will remain so till time shall be no more.

These human butcheries were the result of Church and State, under Catholic governments, viz, ignorant monarchs, despots who sprung up in the dark ages and knew no more of the true gospel than the wild beasts of the forest.

When Pope Leo the X, who was a man of learning, revived letters, and encouraged the arts, and sciences, enlightening all Europe, the people especially, France, England, and Germany, were prepared for the exposure of that corruption which had unavoidably been growing up in the Church during the dark ages after the Barbarians had joined it. Thus when Luther began to preach and protest against the Pope, and the monks he found willing ears.*

But did this new religion put a stop to persecution for opinion sake? Not so, as protestantism spread, persecution spread, Protestant persecuted Protestant, and murdered each other like savages, vide Calvin and Luther's followers, if not himself. But no sea or land Pirate, midnight assassin, or persecutor, ever equalled Calvin in malignity, THREE DAYS the monster kept the unfortunate man in the most excruiting torments by a slow fire. Is that Christianity? Is this loving your neighbor as yourself? But the subject is too appaling to pursue.

All bigots are alike, let them be of what religious profession they may, and what is the most extraordinary trait in the character of man is, that he feels the most uncompromising hatred toward his fellow-man, for what it is impossible for him to help. Can any man help thinking as he does? The miscreants hardly put the law in force against crime, yet they burn a man and screw him to death on the rack for his thoughts. They might just as well punish a man because he is not as tall as another man.

[To be Continued.]

* Luther was a learned Friar, and became irrevocably offended with the Pope because he gave the privilege of selling indulgencies to another order of Friars. The sale of these indulgencies were got up by Leo, to build the great Church of St. Peters at Rome, where it still remains, a monument of great skill and beauty, covering nine acres of ground! But Luther gained his revenge, for the reformation spread rapidly, yet bitter in their hatred to one another.

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"THREATS OF THE ABOLITIONISTS.

From the Boston 'Commonwealth' of Jan. 7.

'A friend writes us from Washington, Kossuth has come to the conclusion sadly, that his mission has failed.' No, it is Congress which has failed. It does not follow that, because a body which serves little else in this country than to register the edicts of the slave power has failed to show sufficient magnanimity even to hear Kossuth, he has failed. It has failed, It failed long ago, and has now made its failure more manifest than ever! But the republic has not failed, and Kossuth will not, There were principles of liberty achieved in the very settlement of the American wilderness, and by its war of revolution, which it is not in the power of Southern slavery nor its tool the American Congress to overthrow. The same practical freedom which scorns to obey the Fugitive Slave Law, and forever will, in spite of swindling Presidential aspirants and unjust courts, will accept Kossuth's principle, and give him the substantial aid which his holy cause requires."

These must be some of the soapstat missionaries, or some Lunatic which has escaped from one of the insane Hospitals, which abound in New England.

Will any gentleman of common understanding, say he can find sense in the above contemptible jargon? The fellow knows nothing of premises nor reasoning, he knows only Church and State insolence.

MASTER JOHN ROANE.

Master R. is the son of Col. Roane, of this city, and was remarkable for a high sense of honor from a child. About two years since, his father sent him to New York to learn the Machinist Art, he was then a pale stripling of a boy under seventeen years of age,—he returned to this city on a visit to his parents, a few weeks since, over six feet in height, weighing upwards of one hundred and sixty—affable, manly, and industrious. Send your sons to New York for health and system.

FAREWELL,

BY

J. H. S.

Ye woods and wilds, whose melancholy gloom,
Accord with my soul's sadness, and draws forth,
The voice of sadness from my bursting heart,
Farewell awhile!

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DR. PETTIT'S AMERICAN EYE SALVE,

SUPERIOR TO ANY KNOWN REMEDY FOR DISEASED EYES,

For Inflammation of that delicate Organ, whether acute or Chronic—for Egyptian Ophthalmia—Atony of the Optic Nerve—Granulations of the Lids—Ulceration of the Lachrymal Glands and weakness of Vision from any cause.

Dr. J. PETTIT, a member of the Medical Society of Onondago Co., N. York, and for forty years a successful practitioner of medicine, has by actual experiment, and a series of practice in a variety of diseases of the age, discovered a scientific apportionment of ingredients, combining *soothing, healing, and strengthening properties*, that have resulted in effecting many Astonishing Cures, and have secured to the AMERICAN EYE SALVE, A DESERVED RENOWN, *unequalled in the history of any similar preparation.*

The AMERICAN EYE SALVE is recommended with perfect confidence to all who are troubled with *weak or sore eyes*, whether caused by acute or chronic inflamation,—of *scrofula orgin—weakness or defect fanision—diseased state of the optic nerve—or too severe ado[illegible] long continued use of the eye.*

Please read the following statements:

A daughter of Mr. John Britton, No. 98 Commerce street, Newark, N. J., whose eyes had been exceedingly sore for *eighteen months*, was cured by the use of *one box* of Am. Eye Salve.

Hiram Gove, of South Adams, Mass., says: "*I gave a box to a boy who had been afflicted with sore eyes for* three years *and it cured him.*" The balance of the dozen are all gone, and several have spoken to me for some. Can you send me a quantity by Express?

S. S. Buffum, of Uniontown, Ill., last fall purchased a dozen, and writes—*It has long been sold, and every box effected a cure.*

John Miller, of Millersburg, Ky., writes—"My father has suffered greatly for *forty years with Chronic Inflammation of the Eyes, and has been entirely cured by using* Am. Eye Salve."

"Seeing what a cure it effected on him, I was induced to apply it to a scrofulous sore on my nose, which was much inflamed and ulcerated, having discharged matter for six years. To my surprise and astonishment, *by the use of one box, the ulcer was healed, and the cavity is filling out.*"

"A cousin, about eight years old, being afflicted *from infancy with sore eyes*, had used every other remedy for the Am. Eye Salve, which has cured his eyes and also a *running sore on his face.*"

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PROSPECTUS FOR "THE GLOBE."

THE CONGRESSIONAL NEWSPAPER.

THE APPROACH OF CONGRESS calls for the renewal of my proposals and preparations to spread its debates before the public. The success which has hitherto attended this undertaking it is hoped will continue, and enable me to perpetuate the full history of the proceedings and discussions of the body on which the destiny of the Republic depends.

The adoption of Congress has given the GLOBE an official character as the reporter of all that is said and done in the body. This sanction has been voted at every successive session for many years, and by members of all parties. The press, too, of all parties, has borne testimony to the fidelity with which the duty thus confided has been performed.

The great celerity with which the letter writers for the distant press circulate through the telegraph their hurried accounts and views of the debates of Congress, renders more important than ever the full and exact official reports of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE. The hasty, and in many instances ex parte, relations by telegraph of what occurs in Congress supersede, for the most part, the exact reports taken down by reporters, and which formerly, in a shape more or less abbreviated, went the rounds of the press. Now the telegraph accounts, with all their imperfections and variety of colorings, take the run of the country, and no press but the official of Congress ever publishes the full debate with the proceedings of both Houses unmutilated. Indeed, no newspaper can give them, and have room for advertisements and the miscellaneous matter essential to their existence. While therefore, the telegraph administers to the eager appetite of the public for Congress news, and meets the necessities of the political press, by furnishing a rapidly-written epitome suited to the taste of its patrons, perfect information of what passes in Congress is greatly diminished. The circulation of the official reports has been, to some extent, cut off by the crude and diversified accounts which, flying along the electric wires, satisfies curiosity, and it is almost in vain that truth puts on his boots to follow. Still there are a great many men of leisure and thought who like to see what is actually said and done in Congress, and to judge for themselves, rather than to receive impressions altogether from galvanic batteries. There are others, too, who, for the sake of the future, willingly patronize a work which preserves a full record of the doings of the great moving and controlling power of the Republic.

The undersigned has made preparations commensurate with the increased importance of the duty he has undertaken as the only reporter and publisher of the complete debates and proceedings of both Houses of Congress. The coming session will probably be extended nine months, and the reports will not be comprised in less than 8,500 royal quarto pages of brevier and nonpareil type, making 4 volumes of near 900 pages each. The reports for the last long session made 3,896 royal quarto pages, and were bound in 4 volumes, averaging 974 royal quarto pages each.

I will publish in the APPENDIX for the next session all laws that may be passed during the session, which has not been done heretofore. Although this will increase in no small degree the expense of the publication, the subscription price will be the same that it has been for several years past.

The DAILY GLOBE will be published during the session on a superfine double royal sheet. It will contain the debates as taken down by the reporters, and as altered by the speakers, whenever they make any alterations; the current news of the day, and miscellaneous matter. The main object for publishing the daily paper is to enable Members to see their remarks in it, and alter them if they shall think proper before they are published in the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE and APPENDIX.

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During the first month or six weeks of a session there is rarely more business done than will make two numbers a week—one of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE and one of the APPENDIX; but during the remainder of a session there is usually sufficient matter for two or three numbers of each every week. The next session will be unusually interesting; therefore I calculate that the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE and APPENDIX together will make at least 3,500 large quarto pages, printed in small type—brevier and nonpareil. Complete Indexes to both will be furnished at the end of a session.

I will endeavor to print a sufficient number of surplus copies to supply all that may be miscarried, or lost in the mails; but subscribers should be very particular to file their papers carefully, for fear that I should not be able to supply all the lost numbers.

If subscribers shall not be satisfied with the work, the money paid by them for it will be refunded to them whenever they return the numbers which may have been received by them. I will give subscribers the subscription price for any of the previous volumes of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE or the APPENDIX, except for the last session, and will thank any person who will let me have them.

I have a few copies of the back volumes of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE and APPENDIX for sale at $5 a volume bound, which it is probable will be disposed of soon; and when they are, they will then, no doubt, command at least $10 a volume, as they cannot be reprinted for less than that sum. There are 25 back volumes.

TERMS.

For one copy of the DAILY GLOBE during the session - - - - - - - - $5 00
For one copy of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE during the session - - - - - - - 3 00
For one copy of the APPENDIX during the session 3 00

The money may be remitted by mail at my risk. Bank notes current where a subscriber resides will be received at par. Subscriptions should reach here by the 13th December, at furthest, to insure all the numbers.

The prices for these papers are so low that I cannot afford to credit them out; therefore no person need order them unless the money accompanies the order.

JOHN C. RIVES.

WASHINGTON CITY, October 17, 1851.

DR. M. B. MELIN,

Office and residence on the Island, F street between 9 and 10th, South.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1852

SATURDAY EVENING POST

THE LEADING LITERARY WEEKLY OF THE UNION,

The proprietors of the Post think it unnecessary to dwell upon the distinguishing features of their well known weekly, whose brilliant success during an existence of thirty years is a sure guarantee for the future. We have the pleasure of announcing our renewed connection with that distinguished authoress,

Mrs. E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH

Will commence in the first number of the year a new story entitled

THE LILY OF THE VALE,

or, MAGNOLIA VALE,

By Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz, author of 'Linda,' 'Rena,' etc,

Which will be followed by

VIOLA, OR ADVENTURES IN THE FAR SOUTHWEST.

A Companion to 'Prairie Flower.' By Emerson Bennett, Author of 'Prairie Flower,' 'The Bandits of the Osage,' etc

TRIAL AN TRIUMPH.

By T. S. Arthur, Author of 'The Iron Hand,' 'Temperance Tales,' etc, And last, but not least,

THE CURSE OF CLINTON,

A Tale of Expiation and Redemption; By Mrs. Southworth, Author of 'The Deserted Wife,' etc,

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The terms to single subscribers are 2,00 dols per annum, in advance, 3,00, if not paid in advance. For five dollars in advance, one copy will be sent three years.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

In order to accommodate the large number who wish to take a first class paper, but mistakingly think they cannot afford it, we continue the following low terms for Clubs—to be sent, in the city, to one address, and, in the country, to one Post Office:

4 COPIES, " " 5 per annum
8 (And one to Agent, or gets up of the Club 10,00
13 do do do 15,00
20 do do do 20,00

DEACON & PETERSON, No 66 South third Street, Philadelphia.

THE METROPOLITAN.

As this paper is designed for general circulation throughout the union, care will be taken to fill its columns with matter, that will be useful and interesting.

The Literary department will be under the superintendence of Mrs. N. P. Lasselle, who will spare no pains to make it worthy of the patronage of the public.

TERMS.

Two dollars per annum or one dollar for six months in advance.

Postmasters, agents and clubs remitting six ars will be entitled to six copies.

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LUCIEN LASSELLE.

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEED

For sale Wholesale and Retail,

J, F, CALLAN'S

Drug store corner E 7, Sts.

Among which may be found the following Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, broccoli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, of Carrots do, do. Cauliflowers late and early Cellery, white and red, Cherfu, or Salad, Corn, Salad peppergras, cucumber late and early corn, early prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes Nasturtium, okra, excellent for soups, onions white red and silver varsley, plain and curld Parsnips, large Pears Pery early, and late pepper squash and others pumpkins Radishes, vegatable Oysters, spinach and Squash of every variety, turnips the finest quality, and all the union setts &c,

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HORN'S U. S. GAZETTE,

Containing Diagrams of various Railroads in the United States now in operation, with their extension from time to time, as they occur, to which new roads will be added as soon as put in working order, hours of arrival and departure of the various trains, together with their connecting links of stages, steamboats, rates of fare, freight and tonnage, refreshment stations, &c. &c

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Editor and Proprietor.

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	Size.
Surrender at Yorktown,	24 by 34 inches.
Apotheosis of Washington.	20 " 26 "
Nagle's Henry Clay,	17 " 22 "
M'Donough's Victory,	20 " 26 "
United S. & Macedonian,	20 " 26 "

☞ The person subscribing or furnishing the club may select to suit himself.

☞ The Premiums will be subject to order—or, if we are desired to mail them, the postage must be furnished in advance, viz.; 25 cents under 500 miles, and 50 cents if over that distance.

THE PREMIUM TERMS,

The splendid Premiums will be offered and awarded by the following code of terms, to persons subscribing, and paying in advance, for the year 1852, or for the New Volume XXII., commencing March, 1852,

One copy American Courier and one Premium,	$2
Three copies " " " "	5
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☞ The above terms will supercede the old rates in all future operations.

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All orders must be addressed post-paid to

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No. 141 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE CHRISTIAN STATESMAN.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

Devoted to African Colonization and Civilization, to Literature and General Intelligence.

The undersigned propose to publish in the city of Washington a weekly newspaper, bearing the above title, and dedicated to a sound morality in politics, to the Union of the States, to the cause of African colonization and civilization, and to all topics of a high and general interest to their country and mankind. They will endeavor to impress upon the people and Governments of the United States and of the several States the importance of colonizing in Africa, with their own consent, the free people of color of this country, and such as may become free. They will communicate to the public all important information they may obtain in regard to the geography, exploration, resources, commerce, and population of Africa; the state of the slave trade, and the measures best adapted for its suppression; and will enforce the duty of union among all Christian denominations in efforts to diffuse the knowledge of our short liberty, and Christianity among the barbarous people of that continent.

They will aim to render the journal an instructive and useful Family Newspaper, and to secure for its columns, as the public favor shall enable them, contributions, literary and scientific, of decided merit.

The Christian Statesman will be of the size of the Home Journal or National Era, and exceed in size the Intelligencer or the Union of this city; and, with but few advertisements, will be nearly filled with matter designed to be of interest to its readers.

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R. R. GURLEY.
D. B. GOODLOE.

TOWNSEND' SARSPARILLA

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world

This Extract is put in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured diseases, without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sasaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES THIS YEAR

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.
1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.
2,500 cures of general debility and want of Nervous energy.
50,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz;.

Ulcers, scrofula erysipelas salt rheum pimples on the face &c, together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van, Buskirk Esq, one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of N. York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it be one of the most valuable preparations Sarsaparilla in the Market.

P H Pulling M D. R B Briggs M D. P E Elmendorf M D.

Albany, April 1 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island.

Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed, in several cases the most beneficial results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arrising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c, it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c,

Respectfully yours,
C. S Preston M D.

United States Officer.

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

New York, March 1, 1847.

CARVALHO'S GALLERY

Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street and penn. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY of Fine arts, No. 205 Baltimore street, Baltimore.

Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children, which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. A private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather the best time to make Daguerreotypes of grown persons.

THE ATLAS,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,

By HERRICK & ROYAL,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street (secconds between Beekman and Ann street)

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, One Dollar per annum, invariable in advance for, paper is continued longer than paid nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adhearence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsbug, Brooklyn, Jersey city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

If do, paid within three months 1,75
If paid until the end of the year, 1,62½

Whitney and Dunn

PROSPECTUS FOR "THE GLOBE."

THE CONGRESSIONAL NEWSPAPER.

THE APPROACH OF CONGRESS calls for the renewal of my proposals and preparations to spread its debates before the public. The success which has hitherto attended this undertaking it is hoped will continue, and enable me to perpetuate the full history of the proceedings and discussions of the body on which the destiny of the Republic depends.

The adoption of Congress has given the GLOBE an official character as the reporter of all that is said and done in the body. This sanction has been voted at every successive session for many years, and by members of all parties. The press, too, of all parties, has borne testimony to the fidelity with which the duty thus confided has been performed.

The great celerity with which the letter writers for the distant press circulate through the telegraph their hurried accounts and views of the debates of Congress, renders more important than ever the full and exact official reports of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE. The hasty, and in many instances ex parte, relations by telegraph of what occurs in Congress supersede, for the most part, the exact reports taken down by reporters, and which formerly, in a shape more or less abbreviated, went the rounds of the press. Now the telegraph accounts, with all their imperfections and variety of colorings, take the rott of the country, and no press but the official of Congress ever publishes the full debate with the proceedings of both Houses unmutilated. Indeed, no newspaper can give them, and have room for advertisements and the miscellaneous matter essential to their existence. While therefore, the telegraph administers to the eager appetite of the public for Congress news, and meets the necessities of the political press, by furnishing a rapidly-written epitome suited to the taste of its patrons, perfect information of what passes in Congress is greatly diminished. The circulation of the official reports has been, to some extent, cut off by the crude and diversified accounts which, flying along the electric wires, satisfies curiosity, and it is almost in vain that truth puts on his boots to follow. Still there are a great many men of leisure and thought who like to see what is actually said and done in Congress, and to judge for themselves, rather than to receive impressions altogether from galvanic batteries. There are others, too, who, for the sake of the future, willingly patronize a work which preserves a full record of the doings of the great moving and controlling power of the Republic.

The undersigned has made preparations commensurate with the increased importance of the duty he has undertaken as the only reporter and publisher of the complete debates and proceedings of both Houses of Congress. The coming session will probably be extended nine months, and the reports will not be comprised in less than 2,500 royal quarto pages of brevier and nonpareil type, making 4 volumes of near 900 pages each. The reports for the last long session made 3,896 royal quarto pages, and were bound in 4 volumes, averaging 974 royal quarto pages each.

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CARVALHO'S GALLERY

Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street and penn. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY of Fine arts, no. 205 Baltimore street, Baltimore

Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children, which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. A private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather the best time to make Daguerreotypes of grown persons.

TOWNSEND' SARSPARILLA

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world

This Extract is put in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured diseases, without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, that it eradicates disease, if invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES THIS YEAR

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.
1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.
2,500 cures of gneneral debility and want of Nervous energy.
80,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz;

Ulcers, scrofula erysipelas salt rheum pimples on the face &c. together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van, Buskirk Esq, one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of N. York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations Sarsaparilla in the Market

P H Pulling M D, R B Briggs M D, P Ehlmendorf M D,

Albany, April 1 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island,

Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir—It is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed in several cases the most beneficial results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c, it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c,

Respectfully yours,
C. S Preston M D.

United States Officer.

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan, 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

New York, March 1, 1847.